4.—Denominations of Dominion or Bank of Canada Notes in Circulation, 1926, 1929, 1932 and 1941-43

Note.—Annual averages of month-end figures. The totals outstanding are not always multiples of the denominations of notes because of adjustments made according to scale when parts of mutilated notes are turned in for cancellation.

Denomination	1926	1929	1932	1941	1942	1943
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Provincial Fractional \$1 \$2 \$4	27,624 1,330,663 17,732,100 12,925,212 33,397	27,621 1,380,710 20,032,308 14,609,088 32,138	27,594 1,287,544 18,957,935 13,346,323 31,004	27,576 1,099,331 30,792,746 21,295,427 28,974	27,575 1,096,085 34,091,951 24,828,025 28,910	27,574 1,094,531 37,143,601 28,067,218 28,873
Totals	32,048,996	36,081,865	33,650,400	53,244,054	60,072,546	66,361,797
\$5. \$10. \$20. \$25. \$50. \$500. \$1,000. Totals.	626,179 Nil " 650 Nil 1,875,917 3,799,250 6,301,996	730,101 Nil " 650 Nil 1,811,875 4,168,917 6,711,543	5,137,627 Ni1 "650 Ni1 2,530,833 6,437,583 14,106,693	62,046,710 163,104,979 65,470,362 48,092 17,527,954 26,198,383 684,625 18,097,250 353,178,355	78,470,016 243,975,988 108,156,163 48,808 25,509,475 38,683,504 598,875 16,729,833	93,116,558 333,974,557 163,509,117 43,892 37,087,287 62,557,508 533,750 16,231,250 707,053,919
Specials— \$1,000 \$5,000 \$50,000	671,333 16,307,500 134,675,000	407,667 7,209,583 153,970,834	3,500 8,063,750 110,054,167	1,000 10,000 Nil	1,000 10,000 Nil	1,000 10,000 Nil
Totals, Specials. Grand Totals	151,653,833 190,004,825	161,588.084 204,381,492	118,121,417 165,878,510	11,000 406,433,409	11,000 572,256,208	773,426,716

Subsection 3.—Chartered Bank Notes

The developments by which bank notes became the chief circulating medium in Canada in the period preceding the establishment of the Bank of Canada are described in the historical outline referred to at the beginning of this Chapter. The main steps of this development that remained as permanent features of the system are outlined at pp. 809-810 of the 1941 Year Book.

The provisions regarding bank notes were materially changed with the establishment of the Bank of Canada under the Bank Act (c. 24) of 1934. The authority for both seasonal expansion and additional issue secured by deposit in the Central Gold Reserves was then terminated. Provision was made for a gradual reduction in bank-note circulation over a period of years as explained at p. 879. As a result of these changes, current data on bank-note circulation are not comparable with those of earlier years. However, statistics of total notes in the hands of the general public are comparable. This public circulation includes chartered bank notes together with Dominion notes and Bank of Canada notes, exclusive of those held by the banks as reserves. Statistics on this basis are shown in Table 5.